Total number of printed pages-3

ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL-3

Anushaktinagar, Mumbai

 Periodic Test-1, July-2024

Class- X Max. Marks - 40

Subject – Social science Time – 90 min.

**Section A (1x8=8)**

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| 1 | A large number of people were hostile to the Napoleonic code because1. It was not suitable for all
2. It destroyed the special privileges of the rulers
3. Administrative changes did not go hand-in-hand with political freedom.
4. None of the above
 | 1 |
| 2 | What was the arrangement made by the European powers to prevent French expansion in future? (a) An agreement was made with France. (b) Their country’s military was made strong. (c) Military of France was dissolved. (d) A series of states were set up on the boundaries of France. | 1 |
| 3 | Assertion: Horizontal distribution of power allows different organs of government placed at same level exercise different power.Reason: The separation ensures that different organs of government exercise unlimited power.(a) Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. (b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion. (c) Assertion is true but reason is false. (d) Both assertion and reason are false. | 1 |
| 4 | Which of the following was NOT a provision of the act of 1956 passed in Sri Lanka?1. Sinhala was recognised as the only official language.
2. Budhisam was to be protected by the state.
3. Provincial autonomy was given to Tamils.
4. Sinhalas were favoured in the government jobs.
 | 1 |
| 5 | Which type of the erosion can be seen in the given picture? (a) Sheet erosion. (b) Wind erosion. (c) Gully erosion. (d) Stream bank erosion | 1 |
| 6 | Assertion: The pattern of the net sown area varies greatly from one state to another.Reason: There is variation in topography. (a) Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. (b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion. (c) Assertion is true but reason is false. (d) Both assertion and reason are false. | 1 |
| 7 | HDI stands for ‘Human Development Index’ that focus on -----------------.1. Life expectancy
2. Gross enrolment ratio for three levels of schooling
3. Per capita income
4. All the above
 | 1 |
| 8 | Why do different persons have different notions of development?1. Because people are different
2. Because life situations are different.
3. Because nationality is different.
4. None of the above.
 | 1 |

 **Section B (2x2=4)**

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| 9 | Why the soil in some parts is red and yellow in colour?  **Or** Why only 93% of the total geographical area is measured for land use pattern in India? | 2 |
| 10 | Explain the Community government of Belgium. | 2 |

 **Section C (3x3=9)**

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| 11 | ‘Ideas of national unity in early 19th century Europe were closely allied to the ideology of liberalism.’ Explain. | 3 |
| 12 | List out the problems caused by indiscriminate use of resources? | 3 |
| 13 | ‘Both Belgium and Sri Lanka are democracies but they followed different systems of power sharing.’ Support the statement. Or Explain how power is shared by (a) different social groups and (b) political parties, in the modern democracies. | 3 |

**Section D (5x3=15)**

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| 14 | Highlight the various measures and practices that French revolutionaries introduced to create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people.  Or Who hosted the Vienna Congress in 1815? Analyse the main changes brought by the treaty. | 5 |
| 15 | What is land degradation? Explain the causes of land degradation in India. Or What type of soil is found in river deltas of eastern crest? Write its main features? | 5 |
| 16 | What are the limitations of using averages in comparing countries? Explain with the help of example. OR What is sustainable development? Why is the issue of sustainability important? | 5 |

 **Section E (4x1=4)**

1. Read the given extract and answer the following questions.

However, for comparison between countries, total income is not such an useful measure. Since, countries have different populations, comparing total income will not tell us what an average person is likely to earn. Hence, we compare the average income which is the total income of the country divided by its total population. The average income is also called Per Capita Income.

In World Development Reports, brought out by the World Bank, this criterion is used in classifying countries. Countries with Per Capita Income of US$49300 per annum and above in 2019 are called rich countries and those with her capita income of US $ 2500 or less are called low-income-countries. India comes in the category of low middle income countries because its Per Capita income in 2019 was just US $ 6700 per annum. The rich countries, excluding countries of Middle East and certain other small countries, are generally called developed countries.

Question :

(i) Which factors are not considered while calculating total income? (1)

(ii) What criterion is used by the World Bank to compare countries? (1)

(iii) World Development Report has categorized India as low middle income country. Do you agree with the results of this report. (2)

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